



Branding for Orange Economy course

Topic 2: Brand Identity

Lesson 4. What can we brand?







Once the topic is completed and approved, learners will be able to understand

what types of brands exist





- Branding commodities
- Business to Business branding
- High-tech Branding
- Non-profit Branding
- Branding a place





The key is **perceiving differences**. These differences can be related to characteristics or benefits of the product itself.

Brands can play an important decision-making role.







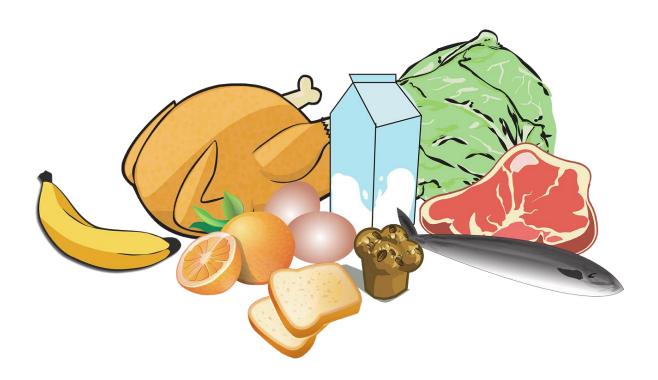












Simple products that we use every day. Some usual approaches to branding commodities:

- Great consistency of product or service
- Superior customization
- Great responsiveness
- Unique merging of products
- Big range of products and services
- Ingredient branding
- Unique packaging
- Unique distribution
- Emotional branding
- Value chain integration
- Identify your most important / most profitable customers





B2B Branding

Company branding creates a positive image and reputation of the company. Creating positive images of the company leads to higher sales and more profitable relationships with business partners.

A strong brand is the **assurance to business associates** that they should cooperate with that company. A strong brand is also a great competitive advantage in the market.

Some of the world's strongest and respected brands belong to business markets, such as ABB, Caterpillar, DuPont, FedEx, Hewlett-Packard, IBM, Intel, Microsoft, Oracle, SAP, and Siemens.







In the technology market, demand and sales are no longer determined solely by innovation.

There are more and more similar products, the market is quickly saturated as soon as there is innovation.

In order for technology companies to stand out, **they have to start branding.**

Marketing is crucial to the success of high-tech products.



NGO Branding

Branding your nonprofit is essentially a visual and written way of communicating who you are and what you do.

As this is a fast growing sector, one of the main things that will make your nonprofit organization different from others is the story.

Create a good story in which you will present what you are fighting for and how you are fighting for it!







- Historical heritage

History and cultural heritage are an integral part of place identity, infrastructure and landscape.

Historical heritage is a unique, beautiful and amazing group of historic buildings and artifacts that can only be found in a certain area.

In addition to historical heritage, we have symbolic attributes and advantages, reputation elements, legends, myths, cultural traditions, fancies and prejudices, public tastes and preferences.

Branding through cultural heritage requires **exploration of local cultural features** of the place, identifying what features are prominent there, and finding ways to explicate and enhance those features.

Similar to the branding of a commercial product, **brand identity in** place branding is the first crucial aspect that needs to be attended.







- Symbolic attributes

Symbols of certain places are most often known buildings, statues, events, etc.

These symbols are used when promoting places.











Reputation

"The sum of beliefs, ideals, and impressions people have toward a certain place."

Reputation differs from image in that it is focused on long-term impressions built around numerous images and actions

Reputation is affected by various factors:

- Emotional
- Physical
- Financial
- Cultural
- Social





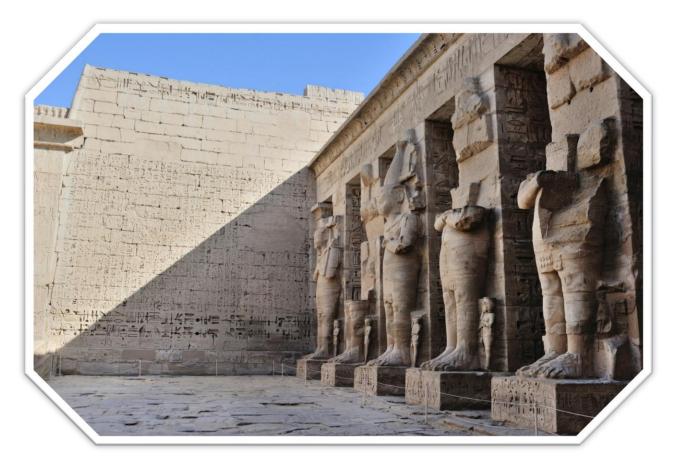


Legends

Legend is a genre of folklore in which human actions or some events believed to have taken place in history are **conveyed through a story**.

Legends are actually really interesting stories that everyone loves to hear and is easy to remember.

Based on legends, certain places, culture and history can be branded.







 Myths expresses and confirms society's religious values and norms.

One of the most famous mountains in Serbia for hiking is Rtanj.

A mountain that has the shape of a perfect triangle that is believed to be actually a pyramid.

There are stories that it was built by aliens, but other story tell us that there is a wizard on it who guards it.

Because of all these stories, this mountain is a very attractive destination for all mountaineering enthusiasts.







Cultural tradition

Tradition is the belief or behavior of a certain group of people that is passed down through generations and contains a certain and symbolic meaning related to the past and origin.

Traditions vary greatly from region to region, so it is very interesting for tourists to experience the tradition of the places they visit.





Everything can be branded: people, online products and services, Retailers and Distributors, People and Organizations, Sports, Arts, Ideas and Entertainment...



Example: Ireland

Ireland has decided to present three reasons why they differ from others:

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- 1. The friendliness and warmth of the people.
- 2. The stunning and dramatic scenery.
- 3. The distinctive Irish culture.

They created three types of experience:

- 1. Wild Atlantic Way
- 2. Ireland's Ancient East
- 3. The Giant Spirit Experience Collection

When asked why Ireland, reasons are:

- Natural & authentic
- Spiritual & friendly
- Adventure & discover

















Sremska Mitrovica, the former capital of the Roman Empire, was called Sirmium. On the territory of the former sirmium, there are a large number of excavations, found objects from that time, and various historical stories are connected to Mitrovica.

"Imperial Sirmium, the city of legends", is a set of different activities that evoke how people used to live in this area.

The event presents: wines, food from Rome, performances about historical events, museum tours and excavations, pottery workshops, a military camp for children where they practice archery, musical performances and many other activities.





CREDITS

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